Musical Strand: Listen and Appraise

End points for EYFS	End Points for KS1	End Points for LKS2	End Points for UKS2
 To listen and respond to Nursery Rhymes and songs with voices/actions To say whether they liked/disliked a piece of music/song 	 To know and recognise the sound and names of some instruments they have heard. To know that songs have a musical style To suggest a story or describe the mood of a piece of music/song To identify the rhythm and beat of a piece of music To identify the introduction, chorus and verse of a song 	 To be able to talk about a song in terms of:Lyrics, musical dimensions (dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) Name some instruments heard To respond to a song/piece of music using voice/actions explaining their responses (feelings & dynamics) To be respectful of other people's musical preferences 	 To compare two songs of the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences. To talk about the music and how it makes them feel, using musical language as appropriate

Musical Strand: Musical Activities

End points for EYFS	End Points for KS1	End Points for LKS2	End Points for UKS2
 To copy basic rhythm patterns of single words, building to short phrases from the song/s. To explore high and low using voices and sounds To recognise high and low sounds on a glockenspiel. To invent a pattern using one pitched note, keep the pulse throughout and with a single note and begin to create simple 2 note patterns to accompany the song. 	 To recognise that rhythms are different to the steady pulse. To move in different ways to find the pulse. To create simple rhythms for others to copy. To use voices to sing back whilst marching to the steady beat. 	 To know and be able to talk about: Pulse, Rhythm and the difference between To be able to: Create their own simple rhythmic patterns. Listen and sing back (no notation). Listen and copy back with instruments, with notation. 	 To know pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to create a song or piece of music. To be able to: Copy back rhythms that include syncopation / off beat, two and three note riffs by ear and with notation.
	 Playing Instruments To learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down. To know the names of the instruments they are playing and other untuned percussion instruments played in class. 	 Playing Instruments To know and be able to talk about: instruments they might play or that might be played in a band or orchestra. To play an instrumental part from memory or using notation. 	 Playing Instruments To know and be able to talk about: Different ways of writing music down – eg. staff notation, symbols. The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave. To play an instrumental part with correct technique.

 To play a tuned instrumental with the song they perform. To play in time with the stead pulse. 		• To select and learn a suitable challenging instrumental part from memory or using notation.
 Improvisation To understand then when someone improvises, they mup their own tune that has n been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. Use clapping, voices and instruments to listen to a sim rhythm (question) and then so play own rhythm (answer) us one or two notes. 	ever better than using five notes. To listen and sing back melodic patterns. Using instruments, to listen and copy back using two different notes. Using instruments, to listen and 	 Improvisation To copy back using instruments using three notes. Question and answer using instruments using three notes. Always start on G. Improvise using three notes.
 Composition To help create simple melodi using five notes. To understand how the note the composition can be writt down 	es • To know different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.)	 Composition To recognise the connection between sound and symbol (notation). To create simple melodies using five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the unit song. To explain the keynote or home note and the structure of a melody. To make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song.

Musical Strand: Singing

End points for EYFS	End Points for KS1	End Points for LKS2	End Points for UKS2
 To sing or rap nursery rhymes or simple songs from memory. To sing along with a pre-recorded song and add actions. 	 To confidently know and sing the unit songs from memory. To be able to sing in unison and understand that this means everyone singing at the same time. To understand that we can sing in different pitches (high and low). 	 To know that when singing as part of an ensemble or large group, you must listen to each other. To sing in unison and in two simple parts. To sing with awareness of being "in tune". 	 To know and confidently sing the unit songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse. To talk about singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping.

Musical Strand: Performance

End points for EYFS	End Points for KS1	End Points for LKS2	End Points for UKS2
 To perform any of the nursery rhymes by singing and adding actions or dance or adding a simple instrumental part. 	 To perform the songs from the units taught. To add their own ideas to a performance. 	 To understand that a performance must be carefully planned and rehearsed. To sing or rap clearly and play confidently as part of the performance. To present a musical performance designed to engage the audience. 	 To talk about the venue of a performance and how to use it to best effect. To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance.